WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A method for forming an insulation layer over a substrate, the method comprising:

forming a surface sensitive silicon oxide layer over the substrate; and forming a porous silicon oxide layer on the surface sensitive silicon oxide layer by thermal chemical vapor deposition, wherein said porous silicon oxide layer is deposited at a temperature of about 400°C or less.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the porous silicon oxide layer has a carbon content of at least 5 atomic percent.
 - 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the porous silicon oxide layer has a dielectric constant of between about 2.9 and 3.2.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the surface sensitive silicon oxide layer is deposited from a plasma enhanced CVD reaction of TEOS and oxygen.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the porous silicon oxide layer is deposited from a process gas comprising TEOS and ozone.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein a molar ratio of said TEOS to ozone is between about 10:1 and 20:1.
- 7. The method of claim 1 further comprising forming a capping silicon oxide layer over the porous silicon oxide layer.
- 1 8. The process of claim 1 wherein said porous silicon oxide layer is 2 deposited using an SACVD process at a pressure of between 100-700 Torr.
- 1 9. The method of claim 1 wherein said surface sensitive and porous 2 silicon oxide layers are deposited in an in situ process.

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10. A process for depositing an intermetal dielectric film over a plurality of conductive lines, the method comprising:

| 1 | depositing a plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition (CVD) silicon |
|---|---|
| 2 | oxide layer over the plurality of conductive lines from a plasma of tetraethyloxysilane |
| 3 | (TEOS) and oxygen; and |
| 4 | depositing a silicon oxide layer over the plasma enhanced CVD silicon |
| 5 | oxide layer by a thermal CVD process from a gas mixture of a TEOS and ozone |
| 6 | wherein said thermal silicon oxide layer has a dielectric constant of about 3.2 or less |
| 7 | and a carbon content of at least about 5 atomic percent. |
| | |
| 1 | 11. The method of claim 10 wherein the density of said thermal |
| 2 | silicon oxide layer is less than or equal to about 1.7 g/cm ³ . |
| 1 | 12. The method of claim 10 further comprising depositing a plasma |
| 2 | enhanced CVD silicon oxide capping layer over the thermal silicon oxide layer. |
| | |
| 1 | 13. The method of claim 10 wherein the dielectric constant of said |
| 2 | thermal silicon oxide layer is greater than or equal to about 2.9. |
| 1 | 14. The method of claim 10 wherein a molar ratio of said TEOS and |
| 2 | ozone used to deposit said thermal silicon oxide layer is at least 8:1. |
| | |
| 1 | 15. The method of claim 6 wherein said molar ratio is at least about |
| 2 | 11.5:1. |
| 1 | 16. The method of claim 14 wherein said molar ratio is between |
| 2 | about 10:1 and 20:1. |
| | |
| 1 | 17. The method of claim 10 wherein said oxygen is provided from a |
| 2 | flow of molecular oxygen. |
| 1 | 18. The method of claim 10 wherein said plasma enhanced and |
| - | |
| 2 | thermal CVD silicon oxide layers are deposited in an in situ process. |
| 1 | 19. The process of claim 10 wherein said porous silicon oxide layer |
| 2 | is deposited using an SACVD process at a pressure of between 100-700 Torr. |
| 1 | 20. A substrate processing system comprising: |
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